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## Marginal Column By SEBASTIAN HAFNER

It is an indisputable and publicly established fact that South Korea wants war. Hardly a day passes without President Rhee or some member of his government openly declaring that it is the South Korean intention to break the Armistice and march north, before the end of the year. Nor is the war which President Rhee's South Korea desires merely the limited war in Korea which has just been terminated by the Armistice. For President Rhee's aim is the unification of all Korea up to the Yalu River under his sovereignty and it has been conclusively proved by three years fighting that this aim cannot be realized by limited war, but only by an unlimited war against China, which in turn would be likely to lead to world war.

ONE can understand, though not excuse, President Rhee's reasoning in wanting world war. His interests and responsibilities are — in his own mind, at any rate — limited to the issue of Korean unity under his own leadership. The fate of the rest of the world does not concern him and if the whole world has to go through the catastrophe of an atomic world war so that Korea can be united under Syngman Rhee, then Syngman Rhee is quite prepared to let the whole world pay this price for the realization of his life's aim. All this is clear-cut and simple. But it is not clear-cut and simple, but highly mysterious and difficult to understand, is the American attitude.

WHY does America, slavishly and at the price of destroying the world-wide alliance system she has built up since 1945, follow the lead given by such a self-proclaimed and confessed warmonger as Syngman Rhee? Two explanations are possible. One would be that America herself has decided on war and regards Rhee — and perhaps Chiang Kai-Shek, the only other head of a Government in the world who has a definite and clear-cut interest in war — as her only true ally in such a policy. The other would be that America, fearing war and seeing that Rhee is bent on it, sees no other way of controlling Rhee than by opposing him. The latter is very difficult to accept as the first explanation. It is true that American anti-Communism has now reached a subtlety of intensity which makes it difficult for American diplomacy to deal in an objective and business-like manner with Communist Governments. But it is also true that America is not a crusade for a warlike A. crisis determination not to recognize the Government of China bars, as long as it persists, any rational approach to a peace settlement in the Far East.

BUT on the other hand, nothing would be more generally and profoundly unpopular in America than a gratuitous renewal, let alone an extension, of the Korean war; and when the issue was in the concrete terms presented to the American people in the two years ago, America did make a definite decision against war — even in circumstances which were not as favorable as they are now. It is true that since then the American Government has changed; but the basic national character has not changed, and it needs more than a change of Government to turn a basically peace-loving and easy-going nation into an aggressive power bent on war and conquest. In any case, if the present American Government wanted war, why should it have signed the Korean armistice?

UNFORTUNATELY, the alienation policy which is being dragged along in the wake of Mr. Rhee despite its own intentions — is only a very little more reassuring. An even more convincing argument in private conversation by diplomats is that Rhee needs to gain time. That Rhee would break the armistice at once, however, is not only a very well known, may easily have an effect opposite to that which is intended.

IF America is ready now to estrange all her allies, to fend a gift of the Yalu River to India and to break up the line and patiently-wrought unity of the democratic world rather than call Mr. Rhee a bluff and allow him to boycott the Korean Peace Conference, will she be more ready to call his bluff if and when Mr. Rhee breaks the armistice "north," and presents America with the alternative of either marching with him or seeing him destroyed, and South Korea conquered by Communist North Korea and China?

London, August 30.

## Israel's Foreign Debt Near \$400m. Mark

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Israel's foreign debt now totals \$397,280,000 of which \$309,530,000 is owed directly by the State and the rest by national institutions and private companies whose debts are guaranteed by the State.

This was disclosed yesterday by Mr. P. Saphir, Director-General of the Ministry of Finance, and marks the first time that the Government has published a list of this country's foreign indebtedness.

The figures were contained in the last of a series of Treasury publications showing Israel's financial position. The only major financial intelligence which will remain unpublished is the secret Defence Budget and certain other money items which would make possible the calculation of the country's defence expenditure.

According to the figures released by Mr. Saphir, \$109,700,000 or about 27%, were due for payment between July 1, 1953 (almost entirely paid) and June 30, 1954. The remaining 72.4% is not payable until 1956.

The seemingly large share of the debt payable during the first year of the loan (2.4% a year) is due to the fact that the medium and long-term loans have been paid out of new loans taken, become payable within this period. In addition, part of the principal on some of the medium and long-term loans also falls due during the year.

Short-term debt (payable within 12 months) now amount to \$72,400,000 or 18.2% of the total foreign debt.

**\$6m. INSTANTLY PAID**

WASHINGTON, Monday (AP). — The Israel Government today paid \$6,967,942 to the Export-Import Bank on account of principal and interest of the last loan of \$135m. to Israel granted three years ago.

Today's payment brings the total principal and interest payments thus far to \$21,087,236. The amount paid today, \$3,975,697 was on account of principal and \$2,122,545 was interest.

total foreign debt. Medium term debts (payable within five years) amount to \$58,700,000, or 14.8% of the total debt. Long-term debt (five or more years) account for \$269,200,000, or 67.5%.

By pressing for longer terms of payment whenever new loans are subscribed, the Ministry of Finance has succeeded in increasing the volume of long-term indebtedness by about 13% and decreasing the interest rate by approximately 15%. The short-term volume was thus reduced by about 17%.

Although the foreign debt structure has thus improved, Mr. Saphir pointed out, the volume of short-term loans is still too large for a country where development requires more long-term investments.

The two largest items on the foreign credit list are the \$135,000,000 Export-Import Bank loan and the \$117,000,000 Independence Loan Drive, which together make up for about 69% of the total debt. The interest rate on these two loans is 3.95% while the rate on the rest of the foreign credits — mostly banking and commercial loans — is 4.5%.

The Foreign Currency Board for the first time includes a considerable sum for debt retirement.

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The new settlements are numbers eight and nine in the chain forged by Nahal along the country's borders and along the coast. Their aim is to increase frontier and internal security and to turn desolate land into future villages.

The young men, under Army commanders and agricultural instructors, and the funds come from the Development Budget, the Jewish Agency and the Jewish National Fund.

Abdullah M. Nefzer, the Nahal Commander, and senior Army officers, attended the ceremony.

**Strengthen Defences**

The settlement was established by Nahal after being manned by youths doing their Army service, but today's settlers were men who had organized themselves with the intention of agricultural settlement even before joining up. The two groups are affiliated to Hashomer Hatzair and Ihud Hakvutza vehatna'at respectively. Nuclei of kibbutzim Hamehuda and religious kibbutzim movements are also waiting to set up their settlements during the next two weeks. One religious group, including religious girls in Army service, are to settle south of Mishmar Hayarden on the edge of the familiarized area near a week.

So far, the tendency of Nahal settlements has been to strengthen defence from the Sagar to the Triangle, but the new points are part of a "Jewish Galilee" scheme, for Jewish settlements in almost exclusively Arab-populated areas. Nahal hopes to increase interior security by driving a Jewish wedge into this area.

At Sagar, the young settlers have a compact dynamic of pasture and orchard lands, and their military duty will be to secure the strategic highway. At Sagar, the group will have 2,000 stony dunams for cultivation.

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## Prompt American Aid For Iran

TEHRAN, Monday (UP). — U.S. Ambassador Loy Henderson and Point Four Director Edward Warner today called on Premier Fazlollah Zahedi and said reports that large amounts of new American aid have been made available for Iran.

Informed circles here said the U.S. Embassy is believed to have received instructions to grant Iran about \$100m. for emergency relief.

Premier Zahedi said today he found the country's coffers practically empty when he ousted Mohammed Mossadegh.

## Israel Diplomats Confer on U.N.

By The Jerusalem Post Political Correspondent

Foreign Minister Moshe Shertok began consultations in Jerusalem yesterday with regard to the U.N. General Assembly session due to begin in New York on September 15.

Mr. Abba Eban, Ambassador to the U.S.; Knesset members H. Berger and Y. Kibnoff, recently appointed members of the Israel U.N. delegation, Mr. S. Eliassiv, Minister-designate to Moscow, Mr. Y. Katsari, Minister-designate to Mexico, Mr. H. Hachover, Minister-designate to Burma, Mr. A. Kubovy, Minister-designate to Argentina, and high-ranking officials of the Foreign Ministry participated in the consultations, which lasted from 10:30 a.m. to 4:30 p.m.

There is one item on the agenda of the General Assembly directly connected with Israel, namely, the annual report of U.N.R.W.A. Although this item involves technical debate only, it is not impossible that the Arabs will use it to raise some general issues connected with the Palestine question.

**Attitude Unchanged**

In case the Arabs do make an attempt to raise the Palestine question, Israel's attitude remains unchanged: the refugee problem can and should be solved by the resettlement of the refugees in the countries where they are at present.

The Minister for Foreign Affairs also discussed Israel's stand on issues not directly connected with Israel. Although the Ministry has not indicated the results of these discussions it may be assumed that the question of the presidency of the Assembly, Israel will support India.

On the question of Morocco and Tunisia, it is likely that any attitude taken will first of all take into account the position of the Jews still living in these countries.

Another question on which Israel may have to take a stand is China's admission to the U.N. It is believed that Israel will support the principle that the actual government of a country has to be represented at the U.N. Admission should not be dependent on the form of its regime.

## Tension Down In Trieste

LONDON, Monday (Reuters).

A Foreign Ministry spokesman in Belgrade said today that Yugoslavia has no intention of annexing Trieste's Zone B, the part of the Free Territory on the Adriatic controlled by Marshal Tito's forces since the end of the last war.

His statement restored a great measure of the calm which was disrupted into acute tension between Italy and Yugoslavia after last Friday's report that the semi-official Yugoslav news agency, "Yugopress," that Yugoslavia had "lost patience" with Italy.

The easing situation was confirmed by an Italian Legation official at Belgrade who said it was quiet. He saw no reason for alarm.

After Sgt. Pella conferred with American, British and French representatives in Rome today, the Italian Foreign Ministry announced: "The President of the Council, Sgt. Pella, has taken note of the 'normal' summer maneuvers which seem to reassure the Government and the country."

Earlier today Britain and the U.S. jointly administered Zone A, and France were reported by a French Government source to have approached the Italian Foreign Ministry Governments advising calmness and moderation.

**Normal Maneuvres**

This move was made shortly after Belgrade Radio alleged that Italian troop movements in the Trieste area were "normal maneuvers" according to an Italian spokesman — were meant to show the "strong hand" of the Italian Government to his people.

Early today, Belgrade Radio said Yugoslavia would give only one answer to the Italian troop movements. It was: "No further concessions."

"As soon as Sgt. Pella learned of Yugoslavia's intention to withdraw from Trieste, he hurriedly summoned a Cabinet meeting and held mysterious conversations with the Italian Defence Minister and the Chief of the General Staff. The troop movements were a direct result," the Radio stated.

Early today, three Italian warships anchored off Venice, the nearest Italian port from Trieste, after moving up from the south.

**No More Concessions**

The Yugoslav Communist Party newspaper, "Borba," said that Yugoslavia was longer ready to make concessions over Trieste. The Italians realized this and had therefore created a fume about an alleged danger to the city.

An Italian Foreign Ministry spokesman tonight called a Yugoslav statement that Yugoslav troops had moved into Trieste "absolutely false."

"No Italian soldiers have crossed the frontier," he said. "We are not looking for trouble, though we are taking good care not to be taken by surprise."

Apparently assuming the crisis was over, Sgt. Pella left Rome on holiday this evening.

Tanjus said it had been announced from Ljubljana that a company of Italian troops had entered Yugoslav territory in the vicinity of Gorizia. They left only after having been warned off twice by Yugoslav frontier guards.

The Trieste correspondent of Belgrade Radio reported today that Italian tanks were being paraded along the Trieste frontier "to intimidate the Slovene minority in Italy."

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The new settlements are numbers eight and nine in the chain forged by Nahal along the country's borders and along the coast. Their aim is to increase frontier and internal security and to turn desolate land into future villages.

The young men, under Army commanders and agricultural instructors, and the funds come from the Development Budget, the Jewish Agency and the Jewish National Fund.

Abdullah M. Nefzer, the Nahal Commander, and senior Army officers, attended the ceremony.

**Strengthen Defences**

The settlement was established by Nahal after being manned by youths doing their Army service, but today's settlers were men who had organized themselves with the intention of agricultural settlement even before joining up. The two groups are affiliated to Hashomer Hatzair and Ihud Hakvutza vehatna'at respectively. Nuclei of kibbutzim Hamehuda and religious kibbutzim movements are also waiting to set up their settlements during the next two weeks. One religious group, including religious girls in Army service, are to settle south of Mishmar Hayarden on the edge of the familiarized area near a week.

So far, the tendency of Nahal settlements has been to strengthen defence from the Sagar to the Triangle, but the new points are part of a "Jewish Galilee" scheme, for Jewish settlements in almost exclusively Arab-populated areas. Nahal hopes to increase interior security by driving a Jewish wedge into this area.

At Sagar, the young settlers have a compact dynamic of pasture and orchard lands, and their military duty will be to secure the strategic highway. At Sagar, the group will have 2,000 stony dunams for cultivation.

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## W German Border Force Halts Mass Infiltrations

BONN, Monday (UP). — West Germany mobilized its whole frontier defense force along the Iron Curtain border today as the Soviet Union threatened a renewed invasion of East Germany. Communist shock troops under orders to wreck next Sunday's general elections.

More than 3,000 Communists arrested trying to cross into West Germany to stir up trouble were under arrest.

Police had confiscated an estimated 500,000 to 600,000 marks (\$120,000 to \$140,000) in West Germany currency and tons of propaganda material.

One 17-year-old captured near Helmstedt carried the usual 200 Westmark and a large package of iron and steel. He said he had been ordered to sprinkle on main highways to paralyze traffic. He also carried a morse alphabet and a code key.

**Trouble-Makers**

He said he was one of a group of 50 blue-shirted Free German youth who had been ordered to enter West Germany to cause trouble. He was handed over to British military police.

Other youths told police that 2,000 young Communists had been ordered into West Germany in the first shock wave and that a total of about 10,000 trained rioters and agitators were being sent in.

Meanwhile, Chancellor Konrad Adenauer returned to Bonn from a four-day whistle-stop tour of Northern Germany and prepared the wind-up of the election campaign.

## Flags Raised Over New Nahal Settlements in North







## Today's Post Bag

## THE WEATHER

	Jerusalem	Tel Aviv	Haifa	Beirut	Amman
Max	28	28	28	28	28
Min	18	18	18	18	18
Wind	SE	SE	SE	SE	SE
Clouds	10	10	10	10	10

(A) Humidity at 2 p.m. 50-60 per cent.  
 (B) Maximum temp. expected today  
 (C) Minimum temp. expected today

**THE DRAWING OF THE POPULAR**  
 Lottery will take place at the Ohel Shalom Hall in Tel Aviv at 8 o'clock this morning.

**REGISTRATION** for first aid courses will take place all week at the Magen David Adom office in the Russian Compound, Jerusalem. The courses will commence after the festival.

**A KUPAT HOLIM** district clinic to serve the needs of 60,000 persons in the area of the Beit Yehon, Haifa and Kiryat HaYehon, is to open in Haifa at the end of September.

**THE NATIONAL Pedagogical** Exhibition will close on Tuesday, September 8.

**THE S.A. ARTS** is due in Haifa on Friday with 500 passengers, among them 40 immigrants.

**"YARON,"** Tel Aviv's newest cinema, in Rehov Geula opposite the sea-shore, will have its official opening on Saturday, September 12, with the premiere of "A Beggar's Opera."

**RELIEF FOR IMMIGRANTS** WHO SERVED ABROAD  
**TEL AVIV, Monday.** — Immigrants who have served in foreign armies will be required to serve in the Israeli Army only three months. The measure was adopted by the Knesset last week.

**GOVT. TO FORM FISHING COMPANY**  
**HAIFA, Monday.** — A Government fishing company which will promote fishing in distant seas and in home waters, has been approved by the Finance Ministry. It was learned here that the Ministry of Agriculture has sent an expert to Germany to study possibilities of acquiring fishing boats and equipment under the Reparations Agreement.

**U HURT IN CRASH**  
**HAIFA, Monday.** — Five passengers of a military truck were seriously injured, and a sixth slightly hurt, when the truck collided with a lorry on the Afula-Hadera road, yesterday evening. The injured were taken to Afula Hospital.

**Ben Nun Attachment Order Not Serious**  
 The order of attachment obtained in Italy against the a.s. Ben Nun has no serious basis, it will be lifted soon, according to the Israel Judges' Line.

The order had been allegedly served by the Company's former Italian General Agent after a.s. Ben Nun had entered the port of Taranto for repairs.

The ship will undergo repairs for several weeks, while a crew of 35 will remain aboard. The rest of the crew, including those who have quit, will be transported back to Israel at the company's expense, the shipping line disclosed.

**CANADIAN WIZO SCHOOL GRADUATION**  
 The nucleus of two new settlements is expected to be formed by graduates of the Canadian Wizo School at Nahalal. Wizo announces.

Last week the 30-year institution celebrated the graduation ceremony as well as the first graduation of the Canadian Wizo School. The diplomas granted by the School qualify the graduates to enter the Agricultural Faculty of the Hebrew University.

**Medical School Accepts First U.S. Students**  
 The first four U.S. medical students to be accepted by the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School are due to arrive this week.

They are: Mr. Julius Dolinsky, 27, Miss Jacqueline Grundstein, 22, Mr. Allen B. Palmer, 23, all from New York, and Mr. Charles M. Plinsky, of Atlanta, Ga. Mr. Dolinsky, a World War II veteran, is a graduate of Long Island University's College of Podiatry. Miss Grundstein is a graduate of New York University.

**EXPLOSION.** — An explosion demolished a theatre and several other buildings in Chicago yesterday, killing one person. Two other persons are missing.

**NEW HAIFA PUPILS REGISTER SOON**  
**HAIFA, Monday.** — Registration of children who will have reached the age of six by December 8, 1959, in the first grade of Government schools will begin here in mid-September. All schools will be given new names, either that of the street in which they are located or a specially chosen symbolic name.

Registration of children who will be five by December 8, for kindergartens, will be continued this year at the office of the Municipality, at 30 Rehov Peretz (Mikhalia), and will begin on September 13.

The State Education Law will save the town and the Treasury 30 classrooms and as many superintendents. More relief will be brought by 30 new classrooms now being completed. However, in the coming school year the number of new pupils will exceed those leaving school.

But for the State Education Law, the classroom question in Haifa, which is blessed with a steadily-increasing school-age population, would have been catastrophic.

**300 French Youngsters Say Farewell**  
**HAIFA, Monday.** — Hebrew songs and French accounts filled the City Hall this morning when 300 youngsters from France crowded into the Council chamber to exchange greetings with the Mayor.

The boys and girls spent six weeks in Israel during their summer vacation as guests of the Youth Aliya, with their accompanying council in France paying for the trip. They are returning to France tomorrow as the a.s. Negosh.

Their program will end with a reception on Mt. Carmel, a reception at Gen. Meir and a last evening on the Carmel Beach.

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## Dinur Proposes Cut In Hours to Avoid Deficit

**Jerusalem Post Reporter**  
**THE MINISTER OF Education, Professor Ben-Zion Dinur,** has proposed to the Knesset Education Committee a comprehensive programme of cuts in school-hours and unification of schools which should prevent the Ministry of Education from incurring an estimated IL2.5m. deficit this fiscal year.

The committee considered requesting elementary-school teachers to work two hours more a week, perhaps on a voluntary basis, which would mean a saving of 630 teaching posts. Last spring, the Teachers' Association refused to give such a concession.

Since the Knesset has approved an IL2.5m. Education budget in place of the IL2.5m. deficit presented by the Ministry, economy cuts have been designed to meet the gap. The lowest form is proposed.

These are three hours less teaching than before, fourth and fifth-year pupils, two hours less; and the upper classes, one hour less.

Evening classes for working youth will be reduced from 18 hours a week to nine in urban schools and to 12 in rural ones, while students in teachers' seminars will put in 30 hours a week instead of 40. Both these cuts were defended on pedagogic rather than on economic grounds.

Short emergency teachers' courses are to be shifted, and schools are to be urged to make up all the grades which will be obliged to group some grades into larger classes.

In addition to the saving resulting from the expected opening of some 50-60 Yehon schools, the plan should effect a reduction of 1,600 teaching posts. At present, about 11,000 elementary teachers are employed through the Ministry; 2,500 received dismissal notices at the end of last term, in anticipation of the above changes.

**Students at New Yeshiva To Make Religious Articles**  
 A novel type of Yeshiva will be opened soon in Jerusalem. It will be a Yeshiva for the study of the Talmud, the Mishna, the Shulchan Aruch, and the other religious texts. The students will devote part of the day to the study of the Talmud and the rest of the day to the writing of religious articles.

The Yeshiva will be headed by Rabbi Meir Kahane, a former leader of the Jewish People's Party. He will be assisted by Rabbi Shimon ben Yehuda, a former leader of the Jewish People's Party.

The Yeshiva will be open to all students, regardless of their religious beliefs. It will be a place where students can study the Talmud and the other religious texts, and where they can write articles on religious subjects.

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## Expert Teaches Foremen: Better Labour Relations Improve Work

**Jerusalem Post Bureau**  
**Foremen and factory-staff** are getting a concentrated dose of advice on how to treat the modern worker in the assembly-line and get the job done better, thanks to the training-scheme engineered by Mr. Arthur Lawrence, an expert from the U.S. who has been working for six months with the Ministry of Labour.

He told the press yesterday that three sessions, each lasting 10 hours during one week, were giving courses on job-relations, methods, and job-instruction — the latter being attended by 700 foremen.

Fertilizers and Chemicals, Shell, and Palestine Electric Corporation have the Ministry's 10 trainers, who qualified within the project, and will branch into smaller firms as the scheme gets under way.

Mr. Lawrence admitted that labour interests and traditional work-methods could well conflict with the new approach taught in the "in-labs." Some of the material — which was translated for use in Israel — had to be amended to suit local conditions.

Mr. Lawrence's aim interlocks with the Labour Ministry's intention to create a back-bone of skilled labourers mid-way between the specialized technician and the average factory hand.

Vocational training has switched markedly from primary to supplementary instruction, since the Labour Ministry began courses in 1951. During 1953, only 1,500 men actually learned a trade, compared with 4,000 in 1952, and 7,500 in 1953.

A classified catalogue of all the occupations in the country according to their international definitions, is being compiled by Mr. J. Yerabek, International Labour Office expert from the U.S., who has been promoting job-analysis in the Ministry's man-power division for the past year.

Job-analysis, almost unknown in this country, aims at improving utilization of labour, by fixing an exact description of any occupation, and the qualifications required for it.

Lack of uniformity in naming jobs has complicated wage-fixing in Israel, and hindered the introduction of a national wage scale. Mr. Yerabek and the staff he has gathered at the Ministry were forced to invent Hebrew names for the jobs.

He said that a nationwide survey to bring some order into the polyglot variety of names in use.

**Jewish Agency in US To Have Non-Zionists**  
**By JESSE ZEEL LURIE**  
**Jerusalem Post Correspondent**  
**NEW YORK, Monday.** — Enlarging the Jewish Agency's office in the U.S. by inviting non-Zionist groups and individuals concerned with the welfare of the State of Israel, was among the resolutions adopted by the Zionist Organization of America last night at the closing session of its 56th annual convention.

Rabbi Irving Miller, re-elected S.O.A. President, has strengthened the Executive by adding several strong supporters of Mr. Benjamin Brodsky, including Messrs. Max Brodsky, Louis Falk and Abraham Redelheim.

While emphasizing American Jewry's strong links with Israel, Mr. Philip M. Kutznick, Ph.D., said that the Agency should not consider America as a Diaspora. He urged American Jewry to develop its own culture and not to be a "cultural parasite" of Israel.

The Convention called upon the American Government to say that it favoured direct negotiations between the Arabs and Israel to establish a permanent peace.

It resolved that the Government should be urged to convey to the Arab States the view that it regarded unfavourably their attitude of not entering into direct negotiations. The resolution said direct negotiations should also settle boundary disputes and Arab refugee problems.

The resolution also urged the U.S. to withhold supplies from the Arab States "in accordance with the traditional American policy" of refusing military assistance to nations belligerent to a friendly nation.

**Mark Beginning of TCA's 3rd Year**  
**Jerusalem Post Reporter**  
**Technical Cooperation Administration technicians** headed by their chief, Mr. Bruce McDaniel, and their opposite numbers, the officers of the Treasury, met yesterday at the Treasury to mark the beginning of the TCA's third year.

The TCA's operations have been marked by the task of making use of "every dunam, every man."

In saying goodbye, Mr. Evans said that the work they were engaged in represented a common and continuous striving to secure the dignity and freedom of the "technical people" who were staying on.

Mr. Sime Carlsen, U.N. Administrator, about to leave soon, also introduced the guests and Mr. Evans.

Besides the technicians and their opposite numbers, the company included Mr. F. Segal and Mr. E. Raskin, Directors-General of the Ministries of Finance and Communications, respectively.

**New Exchange Rate For Books Today**  
 Starting today the rate of exchange for foreign books will be IL1.250 for \$1. IL3.400 for \$1, 200 pruta for one Swiss franc, 100 pruta for one French franc, and 330 pruta for a Dutch florin.

**MACCABIA TEAM NEEDS PROMISED FUNDS**  
**TEL AVIV, Monday.** — The Israeli teams will be unable to participate in the Fourth Maccabiah unless IL10,000 which the Government has allocated for the setting up of training camps, are provided immediately. It was learned here today.

The Israel Sports Federation received IL3,500 two days ago and was promised the same amount next week.

The Federation claims this arrangement is not a feasible one since the camps which have already been set up must be kept up and others must be set up shortly. Funds for these camps are required immediately, a representative of the Federation told The Jerusalem Post this evening.

A telegram to this effect was sent to the Prime Minister's Office yesterday.

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## \$280,000 Salvaged From 'Enterprise'

**Jerusalem Post Correspondent**  
**NEW YORK, (By Airmail).** — Now that the President's emergency immigration bill is in the books, something of the reactions of the American Jewish community to the measure can be told.

To tell the story, one must refer back to the restrictive McCarran Act which became law despite the opposition of President Truman, church, civic and other organizations. As soon as it was passed, civil rights organizations began to fight it, and in last struggle won major national Jewish bodies.

Such fights aren't brief and when a President Eisenhower made his emergency immigration act to allow 200,000 people into the country over the quota, the Jewish community was not slow to take advantage of the new law.

The major Jewish civil rights body, the American Jewish Congress in the vanguard, refused to let up on the McCarran Act.

At the same time they could not refrain from supporting the President's emergency immigration legislation, even though some of them publicly declared that this would tend to put the McCarran business into the background — exactly what Senator McCarran wanted.

There has been no rush on Jewish bodies to register persons willing to give affidavits for relatives wishing to enter America. By now, most people are aware that several months will elapse before the regulations governing the Law will be ready, and then the machinery has to be set up and put into operation.

About the only thing one can say at this stage is that persons who feel they can qualify under the law should be gathering all the documents and papers they need, for it looks as if each case will be most carefully scrutinized.

**May We Call You Brothers?**  
 The Jewish community of Athens has received the following letter from a group of survivors on the island of Kephallonia:

"We request that you convey to the Israeli Government and to your co-religionists our expression of eternal friendship and gratitude to the Israeli Naval Forces who rescued many of us from certain death."

"Your nation's sons showed once again that the Jewish nation is worthy of the love of the world. In the rich literature of Greece there exist no words adequate to express our deep emotion."

Thus we, the survivors, take this opportunity to let you know that we shall guard in our hearts forever the precious memory of their deeds. May we call you brothers?"

**THE JERUSALEM** employees of the Shell Company have contributed IL1,500 to the Jewish Relief Fund, bringing the total to IL614,500.

**Release of Japanese Puppet Emperor Asked**  
**TOKYO, Monday (Reuters).** — Efforts are being made to gain the release from Russian custody of Henry Pu-Yi, last of the Manchurian emperors, and former Japanese puppet Emperor of Manchuria.

He was captured by Soviet forces in August, 1945, and has since been a forgotten man.

Former senior officials in the Japanese puppet Government of Manchuria said today they had asked the Japanese Government to press for his release, and for the liberation of 37 other officials now detained by the Russians.

**FRENCH SOLDIER KILLED IN SOUTH TUNISIA**  
**TUNIS, Monday (Reuters).** — A French soldier was fatally injured yesterday at Monastir, South Tunisia, in clashes with Tunisian Nationalists who had hoisted the Tunisian flag in one of the main squares, it was reported here today.

Unconfirmed reports said several Tunisians were killed when French police and troops made arrests after the incident.

**Dr. Abraham Leib Fox**  
 Dr. Abraham Leib Fox, Jewish Agency physician and former Zionist leader in Poland, died yesterday at the age of 67. He is survived by a wife, a son and a daughter. The funeral will take place today.

**LOTTERY.** — The Finnish Government is organizing a lottery to help meet the deficit in national finances.

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 of Wide Selection of Perfumes and Cosmetics

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## Need Seen to Fight McCarran Act Despite New Relaxation

**Jerusalem Post Correspondent**  
**NEW YORK, (By Airmail).** — Now that the President's emergency immigration bill is in the books, something of the reactions of the American Jewish community to the measure can be told.

To tell the story, one must refer back to the restrictive McCarran Act which became law despite the opposition of President Truman, church, civic and other organizations. As soon as it was passed, civil rights organizations began to fight it, and in last struggle won major national Jewish bodies.

Such fights aren't brief and when a President Eisenhower made his emergency immigration act to allow 200,000 people into the country over the quota, the Jewish community was not slow to take advantage of the new law.

The major Jewish civil rights body, the American Jewish Congress in the vanguard, refused to let up on the McCarran Act.

At the same time they could not refrain from supporting the President's emergency immigration legislation, even though some of them publicly declared that this would tend to put the McCarran business into the background — exactly what Senator McCarran wanted.

There has been no rush on Jewish bodies to register persons willing to give affidavits for relatives wishing to enter America. By now, most people are aware that several months will elapse before the regulations governing the Law will be ready, and then the machinery has to be set up and put into operation.

About the only thing one can say at this stage is that persons who feel they can qualify under the law should be gathering all the documents and papers they need, for it looks as if each case will be most carefully scrutinized.

**May We Call You Brothers?**  
 The Jewish community of Athens has received the following letter from a group of survivors on the island of Kephallonia:

"We request that you convey to the Israeli Government and to your co-religionists our expression of eternal friendship and gratitude to the Israeli Naval Forces who rescued many of us from certain death."

"Your nation's sons showed once again that the Jewish nation is worthy of the love of the world. In the rich literature of Greece there exist no words adequate to express our deep emotion."

Thus we, the survivors, take this opportunity to let you know that we shall guard in our hearts forever the precious memory of their deeds. May we call you brothers?"

**THE JERUSALEM** employees of the Shell Company have contributed IL1,500 to the Jewish Relief Fund, bringing the total to IL614,500.

**Release of Japanese Puppet Emperor Asked**  
**TOKYO, Monday (Reuters).** — Efforts are being made to gain the release from Russian custody of Henry Pu-Yi, last of the Manchurian emperors, and former Japanese puppet Emperor of Manchuria.

He was captured by Soviet forces in August, 1945, and has since been a forgotten man.

Former senior officials in the Japanese puppet Government of Manchuria said today they had asked the Japanese Government to press for his release, and for the liberation of 37 other officials now detained by the Russians.

**FRENCH SOLDIER KILLED IN SOUTH TUNISIA**  
**TUNIS, Monday (Reuters).** — A French soldier was fatally injured yesterday at Monastir, South Tunisia, in clashes with Tunisian Nationalists who had hoisted the Tunisian flag in one of the main squares, it was reported here today.

Unconfirmed reports said several Tunisians were killed when French police and troops made arrests after the incident.

**Dr. Abraham Leib Fox**  
 Dr. Abraham Leib Fox, Jewish Agency physician and former Zionist leader in Poland, died yesterday at the age of 67. He is survived by a wife, a son and a daughter. The funeral will take place today.

**LOTTERY.** — The Finnish Government is organizing a lottery to help meet the deficit in national finances.

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## Cables in Brief

**ENVOY.** — Russia yesterday announced a new Ambassador to India less than six months after her last envoy took up his post in New Delhi. Soviet newspaper named the new Ambassador as Mikhail Alexievich Maslennikov, in place of Alexander Gerasimov, who is to be transferred to other work.

**DIVORCE.** — The lawyers of Rita Hayworth and Aly Khan have reached an agreement in Paris virtually ending the drawn-out divorce settlement fight between them, the New York Daily News reports. Yassin, the couple's daughter, is to be brought up as a Muslim and her father is to set up a \$100,000 trust fund for her plus an annuity of \$30,000.

**FINANCE.** — Noted financier Frazier Zelke, 78, died in New York on Sunday of a heart attack. A member of the New York Stock Exchange since 1910, he was associated for a time with the Jelle margarine business.

**TRAGEDY.** — A mother and her five children were burned to death early yesterday when flames destroyed their house near Pittsburgh.

**RIOTS.** —



